

## Gainesville Daily Sun

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GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA, FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1905

TEN CENTS A WEEK

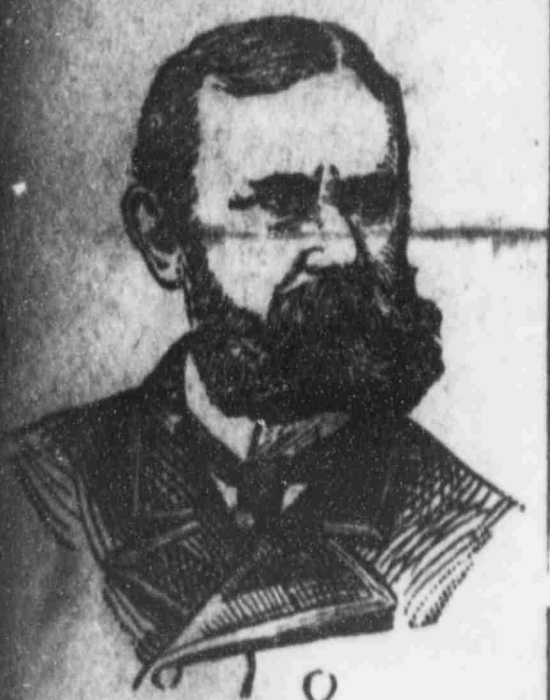
SECRETARY HAY'S  
REMAINS AT RESTInterment Occurred At Lake  
View Cemetery, Cleveland.

## PRESIDENT ATTENDS SERVICE.

Accordance with the Wishes of the Family of the Deceased Only the relatives and a Small Cortege of Friends Attend the Burial.

Cleveland, July 6.—At almost exact noon today, the body of John Hay was laid to rest in Lakeview cemetery. Around the open grave at the last moment stood with bowed heads the president and the vice president of the United States, the members and ex-members of the present cabinet and men who in former years served with the dead secretary in the official family of President McKinley. There were others who would have paid a tribute of honor and respect to Mr. Hay, but it was the wish of his family that the funeral should be conducted for John Hay—the man they knew and loved in private life, and not for the brilliant and forceful premier whose name is honored wherever clean and successful statesmanship is esteemed among men.

The assemblage at his funeral, and around his grave was therefore small. Those visible honors accorded him in



JOHN HAY.

death were in a ratio directly inverse to those freely given him in life, and perhaps no greater testimony to the worth of the man could have been given than the quiet manner in which his countrymen who appreciated his character and achievements, stood aside at his family's wish, to take his place for the future for the endurance of his fame. The events of the day commenced with the arrival of President Roosevelt's train at 9 a. m., and closed with its departure at 3 p. m. The funeral itself was held between 11 and 12 o'clock, the interment being at noon.

When, at 9 o'clock, the special train carrying President Roosevelt and the members of his cabinet arrived at the depot of the Pennsylvania railroad a reception committee composed of members of the chamber of commerce, was in waiting and greeted the president. The president then walked quickly from the train towards his carriage accompanied by Mr. Swazey, president of the chamber of commerce. As soon as they had taken their seats the members of the cabinet and the reception committee, entered the carriages and headed by the riding members of Troop A, the procession of carriages moved off at a smart trot for the chamber of commerce, 2 miles distant.

In the presidential party were Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury; Charles J. Bonaparte, secretary of the navy; James Wilson, secretary of agriculture; E. A. Hitchcock, secretary of the interior; Victor H. Metcalf, secretary of commerce and labor; Postmaster General G. B. Cortelyou; Attorney General W. H. Moody; Senator J. C. Knox, of Pennsylvania; formerly attorney general; Charles E. Smith, former postmaster general; Paul Morton, former secretary of the navy; and Elihu Root, former secretary of war. In addition there were the president's stenographer, M. Latta, and the president's secretary

William Loeb, Jr., and Dr. Rixey, surgeon general United States navy.

An enormous crowd had gathered in front of the chamber of commerce to see the coming of the president and the departure of the funeral, and a strong detail of police was necessary to keep them in line. Side by side with Mr. Swazey and closely followed by Vice President Fairbanks, who, in company with ex-Governor Herrick, met the president at the depot and the members of the cabinet and reception committee, the president passed slowly along the hall toward the rear of the auditorium in which the funeral lay.

Two sentries on guard at the door fell back with presented arms, and giving them a quick, nervous salute, the president entered and stood by the casket. The members of the presidential party followed and when all had entered, the doors were swung and the sentries resumed their guard once more.

It was the expressed wish of Mrs. Hay that President Roosevelt should be allowed to see the face of the dead secretary again if he desired to do so. When the matter was mentioned to the president he declined to disturb the existing arrangements in the slightest and the casket was not opened. There was a brief pause during which the president and members of the cabinet stepped forward to pay their respects to Mrs. Hay as she entered the auditorium from the ante room and then all was ready for the departure from the hall.

The members of the cabinet formed in two lines outside of the door and the casket was borne between them and placed in the hearse. The carriages of the pallbearers then formed a line in advance of the hearse and those of the family of President Roosevelt and of the committee followed on.

A few sharp words of command, scurrying and tramping of hoofs and the cavalry wheeled into column and passed to the front of the cortege. There was no delay and the cavalry moved at a quick trot, passed straight south to Euclid avenue and then due east to the cemetery, 5 miles away.

## Youthful Couple Married.

Macon, Ga., July 6.—All Macon's marriage records for young people have been broken in the union of Cass, Kinard, aged 17, and Ruby Dennis, aged 14. Their friends here thought these two young people could be thinking of no such steps as were taken, despite the refusal of an official to perform the ceremony, and now they are man and wife. Justice C. C. Brown was approached last Sunday and refused to grant the requests of the young people, telling them that marriage was for grown people and not for children. They have since been gratified by Justice Dan Adams, of East Macon, and they are living happily as Mr. and Mrs. C. Kinard.

## Arkansas Senator Not Guilty.

Little Rock, July 6.—A verdict of not guilty was returned by the jury in the trial of Senator A. W. Covington on a charge of accepting a bribe of \$6,000 on the bill appropriating \$800,000 for the completion of the new state capitol. The jury had been out since Saturday night at 11 o'clock. After the verdict was announced the prosecution entered a nolle prosequi in the remaining charge against Senator Covington of accepting a bribe of \$100 and a gold watch for his vote on the district court bill.

## Man Drops Dead.

Briston, Tenn., July 6.—Thomas Gunter, aged 36, eldest son of John H. Gunter, a Bristol merchant, dropped dead on the street here. He had just arrived here from West Virginia to see his sick mother, but did not live to reach the family home. There is a suspicion that an enemy of Gunter placed poison in some beer he drank and the matter will be investigated.

## President Signs Arrested.

New York, July 6.—L. P. Shouts of Chicago, president of the Panama canal commission, has been arrested at Stamford, Conn., for violation of the automobile speed law. He had a party of women with him and is said to have made an eighth of a mile in 2 seconds. He put up a bond to secure his appearance in court. He was on the way to his summer home at Greenwich at the time.

NAVY IS CRITICISED  
BY RUSSIAN PAPERSMutiny At Odessa Result of  
the Rotten System.

## OFFICERS ARE INCOMPETENT

The Bureaucratic Regime is Only Reaping What It Has Sown, Declares One Writer—Censorship is Raised and Papers Print the News.

St. Petersburg, July 6.—With the publication in the Official Messenger of the official account of the tragedy at Odessa the hand of the censorship is raised and all the papers are filled with columns from the foreign papers.

Leaving aside the machinations of the revolutionists, the press, with one voice, declares that the mutinies on board ships of the Black Sea fleet were the result of the rotten system in vogue in the Russian navy, the blue jackets being neglected and the officers living ashore, except during the brief cruises. Captain Clado in a long interview affirms that the question of food was a mere pretext, the real cause being deeper in the complete lack of sympathy between the men and their officers, most of whom he says, are disgustingly incompetent.

Owing to their positions of influence at St. Petersburg, they care nothing for good service, or the well being and contentment of the men. Other writers, some of whom evidently have been in the service but who write under assumed names in most savage fashion, declare that the bureaucratic regime in the navy is only reaping what it has sown and plainly intimate that similar conditions exist in the army.

"Fear," says the Slovo, "is the sole basis of discipline in the army and navy, and it will prove as poor an instrument for keeping the rank and file loyal to the throne as it has in the suppression of discontent among the people. The government should learn the lessons that the soldiers and sailors are beginning to awaken as the people have already awakened."

## Situation Regarding Armistice.

St. Petersburg, July 6.—The situation regarding the armistice is as follows:

"Russia has formally signified to President Roosevelt her desire for a lasting peace not only by the appointment of plenipotentiaries who will be accompanied by eminent experts fully empowered to conclude a treaty subject only, but to the satisfaction of the respective governments, and as a final step has indicated her readiness to suspend hostilities. She has avoided formally asking for an armistice as a matter of pride."

## THE SITUATION IN RUSSIA.

Cossacks Fire Upon Workmen in St. Petersburg—Other News.

St. Petersburg, July 6.—Cossacks fired on the Putloff works strikers this morning. The trouble was started by the arrest of a youth who was entering the works. The policeman who took him into custody suspected the young man having dynamite in his possession. The latter on being made a prisoner, drew a revolver and killed the policeman and was himself wounded by a bullet fired by another policeman. The strikers quickly gathered around the Peterhof road and the Cossacks were ordered to disperse them. The soldiers charged using their whips and then fired a volley, causing several casualties among the strikers. The excitement in the district is intense.

## Mutineers Demand Safety.

Odessa, July 6.—The Russian battleship Kniaz Potemkine has arrived here and asked for coal, provisions and medical attention. The mutineers demanded that the authorities guarantee their safety during the stay of the ship here.

## Battleship Going to Batoum.

Bucharest, July 6.—The captain of a vessel which had just arrived here from Galatz reported that the Russian

battleship Kniaz Potemkine going to ward Batoum.

## MOB STORMS KENTUCKY JAIL.

Only One Man Wanted Was Found and Lynched.

Russellville, Ky., July 6.—A mob of nearly eight hundred men went to the jail and demanded the keys. Once in, they were able to find only one of the prisoners charged with criminal assault upon the German girl, Mary Gladder. The other three had crawled up the iron railing and hid in the big water tank near the ceiling.

When the crowd got well inside, John Sacra, the man whose trial has been in progress since Monday, dropped to the floor and rushed out of door. Several pursued him and fired at him, but he made his escape, running towards the public square, and would have gotten away had he not met the sheriff and his deputies who were on their way to take them to the 9:20 train for Bowling Green, and they ordered him to stop. He rushed on and they shot at him four or five times, wounding him twice. One shot entered behind the ear, coming out of the cheek, and the other went through the leg near the thigh. Neither wound is thought to be fatal.

The shooting near the square frightened the mob in the jail and they hurried off with only one of the men, Jim Lyon, leaving Polk Fletcher, and Guy Lyon in the jail. These two, together with the wounded man, were taken away shortly afterwards to the train to Bowling Green. It is supposed that Jim Lyon, who was taken away by the mob, was hanged in the outskirts of the town and that his body will be found in the morning.

## AIRSHIP'S TRIAL A SUCCESS.

Inventor Is Able to Control and Steer His Machine.

New York, July 6.—Lee Stevens, at a nearby pleasure resort called J. H. Baldwin's airship, the "California Arrow," 200 feet into the air and after a trip skirting the ocean front for some distance, returned in safety to the place of starting.

While the airship was a hundred feet above the ground the long drag line which was trailing caught in the electric wires. Stevens sent the airship ahead at full speed, the wire gave way and released the drag line, permitting the airship to continue its trip. Stevens declared that he could easily navigate the California Arrow around the borough of Brooklyn, after which, he declares, he will attempt within the next few days. He said:

"The machine was in my control after it left Aerodrome until I returned and I had no difficulty in describing curves, descending or ascending while in the air."

## TWENTY-TWO MEN INJURED.

In a Collision Between L. & N. and B. & O. Trains.

Lexington, Ky., July 6.—In a collision at Valley, 4 miles from Lexington, between westbound Chesapeake and Ohio and an eastbound Louisville and Nashville passenger train, twenty-two persons were injured.

C. A. Frank, of New York, had several ribs broken and Mrs. B. M. Cuesk, of Louisville, had her spine seriously injured. The injuries of the other passengers consist of cuts and bruises.

The Louisville and Nashville was to take the siding at the station and the Chesapeake and Ohio was due to pass without a stop. The Louisville and Nashville reached the switch the Chesapeake and Ohio came around the curve and with brakes set crashed into the Louisville and Nashville.

The engines and tenders were derailed and badly damaged. None of the coaches left the tracks, but the platforms were smashed. The injured were brought here on a special train.

## Alleged Negro Assailant Shot.

Savannah, Ga., July 6.—Cicero Andrews, a negro of Doctortown, was brought to Savannah badly wounded and placed in jail. He was accompanied by a doctor and a sheriff's posse. The negro is charged with an assault upon Kate Moore, a young woman near Jessup. His alleged victim is an imbecile. The negro was shot last night by a posse at Jessup. He is wounded in both arms and the right shoulder.

COTTON CONTINUES  
ITS UPWARD COURSEPrice of Fleecy Staple Reaches  
High Water Mark

## TRADING IS NOW VERY ACTIVE

The Bulls Have Complete Control of the Market—They Sold Thousands of Bales on 'Change, Forcing Prices Down a Few Points.

New York, July 6.—Cotton prices reached another new high level today with trading almost as active and excited as during the advance of a cent a pound on Monday. The opening was 13 to 28 points higher, following sensationally firm cables. There was heavy realizing and prices sold off early, reaching 10.58 for October and 10.70 for January, but there was soon another sharp advance on a renewal of bull support and heavy buying orders through wire and commission houses. The weekly bureau report was considered bullish, following the low condition of figures reported on Monday, and after its publication were about 30 points net higher, at around 10.81 for October or 10.97 for January contracts.

## New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, July 6.—An active, wide open range of some 40 points on \$2 per bale was the history of the erratic cotton market today. The future positions opened 18 points higher than Saturday's closing, then declined to a few points lower than the opening. Then, when the weekly bureau report was made, it advanced as high as 10.90, when a remarkable spot happened. The bull leaders threw spot cotton on the market in 20,000 bale bundles and caused an almost immediate decline of 13 points, where the active months remained at the noon call.

## Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, July 6.—The cotton market opened active and excited and an advance of 10 to 13 points was quickly recorded. Heavy selling orders were executed at the high point and at noon values only showed a gain of 4 to 6. During the afternoon the market was feverish. American selling orders and the disappointing opening in New York caused a sharp break in prices and the close was feverish at a net loss of 5 to 7 points.

## Shut Up Gambling Houses.

Terre Haute, Ind., July 6.—For the first time in many years Terre Haute's gambling rooms were stripped of their paraphernalia, upon which thousands of dollars have been won and lost, which has resulted in suicides, murders, thievery, defalcations, bank wrecking and home wrecking. The order of the board of public safety followed the public demands for the extermination of gambling after the revelations in the shortage of Gus A. Conzmann, cashier of the Vigo County National bank, which closed its doors last Wednesday.

## Find Body Months After.

Cheboygan, Mich., July 6.—The body of Albert Fleury, who was lost last February while crossing the straits of Mackinac, on the ice, after coming over for medical aid for his sick child, was found floating in the ship at Swift's mill in this city Sunday by boys who were fishing. The body was badly decomposed, but identification was possible by his clothes. He was a Macabee and carried \$1,000 insurance, which the widow was unable to get until his body was recovered.

## Cargo of Valuable Furs.

San Francisco, July 6.—The Pacific Coast steamship companies freighter Montares has arrived from Cooper Island and other Russian ports with a cargo of valuable furs. The Montares freight occupies only two state rooms, but is valued at more than \$200,000. Baron von Bruggen of St. Petersburg was a passenger on the Montares when it came to Cooper, B. C., where he called on the coast.